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National Advocacy to Connecting with Bhutan

Presented by: Bhutanese Community in Australia,

Melbourne

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Is Reconciliation for National Advocacy to Connecting with Bhutan an option?

There is no handy roadmap for reconciliation. Reconciliation is a long-term process and it must – and will – continue for many years to come.

Creating trust and understanding between former enemies is a supremely difficult challenge. It is, however, an essential one to address in the process of building a lasting peace. *Desmond Tutu, Archbishop Emeritus*

Reconciliation is a societal process that involves mutual acknowledgment of past suffering and the changing of destructive attitudes and behaviour into constructive relationships to- ward sustainable peace. SIDA, Sweden





WHAT IDENTITY IS IDEAL FOR OUR ADVOCACY?

- > Bhutanese Diaspora OR Global Bhutanese Diaspora!
- > Bhutanese of Nepali Origin!
- > Resettled Bhutanese OR Gurkhali Bhutanese!
- ➤ Non-Resident Lhotshampas (NRL)!
- Bedeshi Bhutanese OR Bupali!
- ➤ Non-Resident Bhutanese (NRB)!
- > Southern Bhutanese OR Lhotshampas!
- > Bhutanese Refugees from Nepal!





What is National Advocacy for Bhutanese Diaspora?

- > Going back to Bhutan permanently!
- > Seeking justice for ill treatment, torture or harassment!
- Democracy & Human Rights!
- > Recovering the property and land lost in the conflict in 1990s!
- > Visiting Bhutan to meet relatives and families!
- > Investing in Bhutan on social and economic development!
- Making people to people relationship to foster trust building!
- To connect with Bhutanese students & skill migrants out of Bhutan!





Why National Advocacy for Bhutanese Diaspora?

- > Keep connection with Motherland/Birthplace
- > Fulfill wish of seniors, elders and others to visit Bhutan
- > Reconcile the difficult past in positive mindset
- > Educate our younger generations about our history, origin and connect with their roots
- > Contribute in the social and economic development of Bhutan.
- Establish people to people relationship at all levels through personal, local, and community relationships.





What Approach can be taken for National Advocacy or Reconciliation?

Positive Diplomacy

- > Through the governments of host countries of resettlement
- > Through relevant United Nation agencies and donor countries
- ➤ With the support of influential personalities and friends of RGOB
- > People to people connection inside Bhutan and diaspora Bhutanese
- > Telling positive stories about Bhutan and promoting Bhutan as our country of origin
- > With the support of Indian Government





What Approach can be taken for National Advocacy or Reconciliation?

Other Approach

- Campaign on Human Rights violation in Bhutan during 1990s and after, through media
- > Highlight sufferings in the refugee camp in Nepal
- > Advocacy through Amnesty International, Human Rights Watch and similar organisations
- > Demonstrations in the host countries and their media on regular basis
- > Story telling of the individual suffering in Bhutanese prison and atrocities before leaving Bhutan





Approaches and Strategies for National Advocacy/Reconciliation

- > Global Advocacy (Only Bhutanese or external agencies?)
- > National, Local and Grassroots Advocacy
- > Civil society movement (NGOs, community, philanthropy, charity)
- United Nations Agencies
- > Political Advocacy- Bipartisan support, Parliamentary friends of Reconciliation with Bhutan
- > Bhutanese Diaspora only Advocacy
- > Academics and high profile personalities- Actors, sports and others personalities





What is best timeframe for National Advocacy?

- > Short term: 2 to 3 years
- > Medium term: 5 to 7 years
- > Long term: 8 to 10 years

Thank you all